To his Highness the Lord Protector,

Mortal Gods, Samuel Chidley He Eternal Being, without which nothing can be, hath made of one blood all nations of men A 2. 17 26. Men are the off ipring of God, v 29 and made in his own image, Gen. 1. 23. and therefore God fad unto our fathere foon after the floud, Whofo fh adeth man blood, by man shall his blood be fled, Gen. 9 6. Yea, (xcept in some special cases) bloud must be shed for the bloud of a shief: for be fould have lived to make full restitution, Exo. 22. 2. And therefore you ought to be more tender of a mans life, then of matter of effate : and ail things whatfeever ye would that men should do to you, ye should do even fo to them . Mat. 7. 12. And I have fo much charity to. wards you, to hope that you are not void of all humanicy, but have some natural affection; so that if any of your children or neer relations through poverty fould fall to freal, and happen to be hanged for the value of 13 d. ob (or prefe'd to death for not speaking) it would touch you to the quick. And think you that other mens children and relacions are not as dear and-precious to them, as yours are to you? And this i fay, not that I allow of theft nor do I know any of my relations guilty thereof 3 but only thew unto you the unnaturalness of the act and fact of putting men to death for simple Thefi , that lo you may be thorowly fensible and lorrowtul, and gon bearts may be made better, Eccl.7.3. You know it's a common thing to arraign men for fealing Horles; a man is hang'd ordinarily for a Mare: for your Law values not a man more then a horfe: Is not this a brutish estimation, O ye Heads of Great Britain? You have fate now above thefe 40 days twice told.

and

and passed some Acts for transporting Corn and Cattel out of the Land, and against Charls Sturr's, &c. but (as I humbly conceive have lest undone matters of greater concernment, amongst which, the not curbing this over-much justice in hanging men for Stealing, is one; the not suppressing the Pressing of men to death for not answering against themselves, is another: And what think you or taking away a mans life upon a single testimony, (especially being for such small matters) can you justifie the same before the great Law-giver, who is able to save and to destroy? If you cannot, then be as diligent to make a thorow Reformation, as I have been

in importunate Sollicitation.

Wot ye not also, that it is a general grievance and open difgrace to the Nation, that the Publickdebrs are yet unpaid, although you are deeply engaged by Art. 39. of this present Government ? Ye know the Laws are executed with great leverity against Pick-pockets, petty thieves, and filent malefactors, who are pres'd to death for holding their tongues, and are taken pro confesse: But judg in your selves, Whether are the greater sinners, those who fleal for meer necessity, to supply their present wants, or fuch as defraud the old foldier of his Pay, & the laborer of his hire, and borrow money and not pay again, but engage faith and promise upon it, give Debenters, Bills and Bonds for it, and establish Securities to fatisfie it, and afterwards by force or fraud take it, or fuffer it to be taken away again, and yet again binde themselvs by a folemn Oath, as in the presence of God, that the Securities given shall remain firm and good, and not be made void or invalid upon any pretence what loever; and afterwards neither regard debts nor debtors, but fuffer many of them to perish, while justice is bought and fold, and cometh by a drop at a time, and doth not run down

down as it ought like a mighty stream: And by swearing and lying, and killing and stealing, and commissing adu tery, men break out, and blood touchesh blood. And for these things doth

the land mourn, Hol.4.2,3.

In the land of Ifrael there was special provision made for the poor, the fatherless and the widow, yea, the very ftranger was not to be forgotten in that land : fo that Thefe was much more to be punished than now, fich the Thieves then were not driven to fuch fraits and calamities as many now have been and are fill here in England, (under fuch rude Forms of Government) by cafualties, as imporency of body, loss of estates, bad debis, like the Publick faith and Arreres of fouldiers, fo much undervalued, as if the High & Mighty States of England were broken. And God then gave free liberty amongst the lews, for a man to eat his fill of his neighbours field, vineyard, or oliveyard: but by the rustical law of England, men arrest men as trespassers for coming upon their ground, and obtain Judgements against them for Costs, although there is no damage. Such practices as these disquier the Land, create combustions, bring confusions, and procure work for a fort of Villains called Catchpoles, and employ a company of lascivious Lub. bers, I mean the lying Lawyers, whole heads are full of milchief, and their pens dipt in gall and wormwood; their tongues are as therp arrows, their teeth as fwords and spears, and their throats open segulehres, to devour and swallow-up the poor and needy from amongst men: Thefe are like a fweeping rain to the poor, not leaving them a shilling to be a shield of defence, nor a peny in their pocket to encounter with their enemy Hungere and fo the poor mens notes are held to the Gundstone, and their faces ground away, as may be feen by their countenances: and the Poor's poverty comes to be their

their absolute destruction, and swarms of beggers and thieves ingendered in the Common wealth by Pecuniarians: and the poor mans Suit cannot go on currently wishout money, though his Cause be never so just; but I suppose a Lawyer may easily be got to speak twenty lyes against him for 10% and cloak his lyes with pretences of Clyents informations. These things may easily be reformed by you, if ye will, O ye men of the h

degree.

And because you are the Patrons of Englands Statutes, and have power to redtels the Grievances which by your Law cannot be redreffed without yous I have prefented you with these lines printed in red letters, becruse, though Tophet is p epared of old for Kings, because of their crying crimes, yet Parliaments fins are fins red as featler, of a deep and double dye; and they must be accountable to him by whom their Legislative power is limited. Repent therefore, O Parliament of England, and be not as your predecessors the former Parliaments. Parliaments have been Pillars of Popery, Panders to the Whore of Babylon, abominable Idolators, propagators of Adultery and Coveronfinels in the Clergie : Parliaments have been Murderers of Saints and finners , Parliaments have done and undone their felfdenying Ordinances, been puff d up with pride, tyrannous towards their inferiours, flavish to their superiours, submitting to force against treedom; using publike fraud and private fl trery, to the defruction of the Therefore whatloever beside burders they bound, and grevoue to be born, you must unbinde, loofing the binds of wickedness, undoing the heavy burdens, and letting the oppressed go free, and breaking every yoke, fo much as the putting forth of the finger. or speaking vanity.

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